CITY OF PARK HILLS, KENTUCKY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2005

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2005

List of City Officials

Michael Hellmann, Mayor

Fred Brunner

Angela Finke

Drew Hollenkamp

Steven Ryan

Richard Spoor

Ted Worland

Administration and Departments

Julie Alig, Clerk/Treasurer

Rick Smith, Police Chief

Regis Huth, Fire Chief

Jay Bayer, City Engineer

Ed Jody, Building and Zoning

Dennis Finke, Public Works

Bob Winter, Attorney



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Park Hills, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the City of Park Hills, Kentucky (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprises the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the City of Park Hills as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2005, on our consideration of the City of Park Hills' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 6 and 24 through 27, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Park Hills' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major funds financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Von Sonder, waches + Co. Are.

Van Gorder, Walker & Co., Inc.

Covington, Kentucky November 7, 2005



CITY OF PARK HILLS



1106 Amsterdam Road Park Hills, Kentucky 41011-2097 (859) 431-6252 Fax (859) 431-6410

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is required supplementary information per the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that provides management with the opportunity to provide both short and long term analysis of the City of Park Hills' financial activities. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements, which begin on page 7.

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. The City's fund financial statement provides more detail on the operations of the City than the government wide statements.

Reporting on the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting and report the City's net assets and changes in them. The City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities and include general government, public safety and public works. Property taxes, insurance premium taxes and payroll taxes/gross receipts license fees finance most of these services.

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2005 by \$6,537,240.

Effective July 1, 2003 the City's infrastructure has been historically valued and will be included in the investment in capital assets shown in the Statement of Net Assets.

Assets	
Current and other assets	\$ 871,031
Capital assets	6,042,879
Total Assets	\$ 6,913,910
Liabilities	
Long-term liabilities	\$ 303,656
Other liabilities	 73,014
Total Liabilities	 376,670
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of depreciation	5,704,671
Designated future expenditures	132,262
Unrestricted	700,307
Total Net Assets	\$ 6,537,240

Mayor Michael Hellmann

Councilmembers
Fred Brunner
Angie Finke
Drew Hollenkamp
Steven Ryan
Evelyn Stubbs
Ted Worland

City Clerk/Treasurer Julie Alig

Legal Counsel Richard Spoor

Chief of Police Ricardo Smith

Chief of Fire/EMS Michael W. Amend

Public Works Director Dennis Finke

City Engineer Bayer Becker

Building Inspector/ Zoning Administrator Edward Jody



Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$312,908. This decrease includes the excess of revenues over expenditures as well as depreciation expense of \$720,475.

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is whether the financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's operations.

General Revenues		
Property taxes	\$	397,982
Municipal insurance taxes		239,045
Licenses and permits		589,893
Other revenues	0.0000000	34,332
Total General Revenues		1,261,252
Expenses, net of program revenues		
General and administrative		179,663
Public safety		542,239
Public works		758,261
Contracted services		93,997
Total Expenditures		1,574,160
Decrease in Net Assets	\$	(312,908)

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reflects an increase of \$218,404 of revenues over expenditures.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

The special revenue funds consist of municipal road aid, road tax and vehicle fee funds are all to be used only to replace, maintain or improve the City's roads. The sanitation fund is included in debt service funds and is used for payment of sewer line repairs assessed by Sanitation District No. 1.

Significant changes in the original budget:

In June, 2005 the City Council revised the original budget by ordinance to increase appropriations to prevent budget overruns including the following:

The General Fund Revenues were increased due to a Fifth Third loan in the amount of \$250,000 for the purpose of Property Acquisition.

Significant variances of final budget to actual expenditures:

A new budget item, Property Acquisition, was added under Capital Improvements. A total of \$49,469 was expended for the purchase of properties by the city and a line item of \$12,250 was also included for the demolition of one of these properties.

Due to unforeseen legal fees, the legal work line under Contracts was amended from \$5,000 to \$25,000.

The FEMA grant fund expenditures were not listed as a line item in the original budget. This line was added and the expenditures totaled \$103,822 for the purchase of fire department equipment.

Debt service:

In May, 2005, the City satisfied a 10 year loan from 5/3 Bank in the amount of \$103,069 which was used for financing the improvements to the city building.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City's Treasurer at, The City of Park Hills, 1106 Amsterdam Road, Park Hills, Kentucky, (859) 431-6252.

Very Truly Yours;

Julie Alig Park Hills City Clerk/Treasurer

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2005

	G	Primary overnment
ASSETS	10773337T-1	vernmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	697,091
Taxes receivable		11,821
Waste collection receivable		1,069
Other accounts receivable		106,508
Intergovernmental receivable		1,577
Prepaid expenses		9,399
Restricted Assets: Cash-Creighton Fund		33,566
Restricted Assets: Cash-Fire Department Contribution		10,000
Capital assets:		·
Land and improvements		73,214
Infrastructure, net of depreciation		5,648,118
Building and improvements, net of depreciation		112,500
Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation		130,631
Vehicles, net of depreciation		78,416
TOTAL ASSETS		6,913,910
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		7,274
Other current liabilities		6,823
Deferred revenues		24,365
Current portion of:		
Capital lease payable		12,500
Notes payable		22,052
Long-term liabilities:		- connected the ■Printed Actionates 50*
Capital lease payable		237,500
Notes payable		66,156
TOTAL LIABILITIES		376,670
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,704,671
Designated		132,262
Unrestricted		700,307
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	6,537,240

CITY OF PARK HILLS, KENTUCKY	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	For the Year Fuded June 30 2005
SITY OF	TATEME	or the Ye

								Net (xpense	Net (Expense) Revenue	-
								a	and Changes in	des in	
					Progran	Program Revenues	S		Net Assets	sets	
			į		ď	Operating	Capital				ï
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Cha Se	Charges for Services	Gran	Grants and Contributions	Gontributions		Governmental	ental	
Primary Government								2	ACIIVIIIes	les	
Legislative and administrative	()	196,352	↔	16,689	↔		\$		€.	(179 663)	
Fublic salety		614,171		17,791		21,474	32,667	2:)	(542,239)	
Contracted services		806,089		1 40 0 0 0		47,828	•			(758,261)	
		202,103		140,230			1	1		(93,997)	
l otal Primary Government	₩	1,850,865	8	174,736	₩.	69,302	\$ 32,667	7		(1,574,160)	
General revenues	evenues:										
	Taxes:										
	Prope	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	ed for g	eneral purp	oses					207 000	
	Insura	Insurance premium and franchise taxes, levied for general purposes	and fra	nchise taxe	s, levied	for genera	l purposes			239,045	
	LICELISE	Licerises and permit rees:	es:							·	
	Payro	Payroll/gross receipts license fees	ts licens	se fees						197 592	
	Road	Road tax revenues								266,181	
	Vehic	Vehicle sticker license	se							304,587	
	Licenses	ses								22,149	
	Sanitatic	Sanitation surcharge								5,565	
	Miscellaneous	neous								16,538	
	Investme	Investment earnings								10,624	
		,	Total	or leaded	9					7,170	
			פוסו	otal general revenues and special items:	enues a	nd special	items:			1,261,252	
			ට්	Change in net assets	assets					(312,908)	
	Net asse	Net assets, beginning								(000(1:0)	
	Net asse	Net assets, ending							4	6,850,148	
See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.	ne financia	Il statements.								0,557,7540	

CITY OF PARK HILLS, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2005

	General		Special Special Revenue			Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	230,490	\$	466,601	\$	697,091
Receivables: Accounts		96,536		9,972		106,508
Taxes		7,349		4,472		11,821
Waste		1,069		-,-/-		1,069
Accrued interest		-		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable		1,577		-		1,577
Prepaid expenses		9,399		-		9,399
Restricted assets:						
Cash-Fire Department contribution		10,000		-		10,000
Cash-Creighton Fund		33,566				33,566
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	389,986	\$	481,045	\$	871,031
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other current liabilities Deferred revenues	\$	1,299 6,823 20,692	\$	5,975 - 3,673	\$	7,274 6,823 24,365
TOTAL LIABILITIES		28,814		9,648		38,462
FUND BALANCES						
Designated for debt service		-		79,297		79,297
Reserved		52,965				52,965
Unreserved, undesignated		308,207		392,100		700,307
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		361,172		471,397	19	832,569
TOTAL FORD BALANOLS		001,172	-	471,007		002,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$	389,986	\$	481,045	\$	871,031

Reconciliation of the Statement of Net Assets of Governmental Funds to the Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balance per balance sheet	\$	832,569
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		6,042,879
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are		
not reported in the funds.	-	(338,208)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	6,537,240

CITY OF PARK HILLS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

		General	Special Revenue		G 	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	578,736	\$	364,587	\$	943,323
Licenses and permits		267,098	Ψ.	22,149	Ψ	289,247
Charges for services		152,912		16,538		169,450
Intergovernmental		32,513		47,828		80,341
Grants		1,667		-		1,667
Other revenues		50,141		3,787		53,928
TOTAL REVENUES		1,083,067		454,889		1,537,956
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General administrative expenses		139,909		11,000		150,909
Police department expenses		462,574		-		462,574
Fire/rescue department		65,905		-		65,905
Public works expenses		102,594		120,366		222,960
Building and utilities		43,298		-		43,298
Contracted Services		234,254		-		234,254
Capital outlay		263,001		-		263,001
Debt service		1,530	-	22,052		23,582
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,313,065		153,418		1,466,483
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(229,998)		301,471		71,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Lease proceeds		250,000				250,000
Lease payoff	-	(103,069)				(103,069)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		146,931				146,931
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(83,067)		301,471		218,404
		(00,007)		301,471		210,404
FUND BALANCES BEGINNING OF YEAR		444,239		169,926		614,165
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$	361,172	\$	471,397	\$	832,569

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance-total governmental funds

\$ 218,404

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$317,885) was less than depreciation expense (\$720,475) in the current period.

(402,590)

The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. However, the repayment of long-term has no effect on net assets. The amount of principal payments is included in the governmental funds in the current period.

121,278

Proceeds of a capital lease provide current financial resources in the governmental funds, but are listed as liabilities in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements.

(250,000)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (312,908)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Park Hills, Kentucky (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City of Park Hills operates under a Mayor and Council form of government. The government is governed by an elected mayor and six council members. As required by generally accepted accounting principles these financial statements represent the primary government. The City has no component units or entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Generally, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expense and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: charges for services, which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the City's services; operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than expenditures.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements, as applicable, are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

Funds Types

The City reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund

This fund is the government's primary operating fund. This fund accounts for all financial resources of the general government not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Currently, the City maintains special revenue funds for Municipal Road Aid Funds, Road Tax Funds, and Vehicle Fee Funds. These funds are used to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds in accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes for KMAF and to account for the use of a vehicle sticker license for road maintenance as stated in the ordinance.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide financial statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only in the year when payment is due. Major revenue sources where accrual is most likely to occur include property taxes, insurance premium taxes and payroll/gross receipts license fees.

If applicable, operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are taxes, interest and charges for services. Fines and licenses and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally, they are not measurable until received in cash.

The City reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations continue in effect until a new budget is adopted.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized by the City.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an initial maturity date within three months of the date acquired.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest in:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 2. Certificates of deposit.
- 3. Banker's acceptances.
- 4. Commercial paper.
- 5. Bonds of other state or local governments.
- 6. Mutual funds.

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at June 30, 2005. The categories are described as follows:

Category 1 - Insured and registered, with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity name.

Category 2 - Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category 3 - Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department agent but not in the entity's name.

				Fair		
FUND	1		2	3		Value
General	\$	230,490	\$ -	\$ -	\$	230,490
Special Revenue		387,304		-		387,304
Debt Service		79,297	-	-		79,297
Totals	\$	697,091	\$ -	\$ -	\$	697,091

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2005 are recorded as prepaid items.

Restricted Assets

Certain cash accounts have been classified as restricted assets to indicate that they have been earmarked for a specific use.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the general long-term debt account group. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. No liability is recorded for nonvested accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. There was no liability at June 30, 2005.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Interfund Transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the government's financial position and operations. However, comparative data has not been presented in all statements because their inclusion would make certain statements unduly complex and difficult to understand.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In accordance with City code, prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a
 proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The
 operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them
 for the upcoming year.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4) The Mayor is required by Kentucky Revised Statutes to present a quarterly report to the City Council explaining any variance from the approved budget.
- 5) Appropriations continue in effect until a new budget is adopted.
- 6) The City Council may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

The City had one budget amendment during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level. Any revisions to the budget that would alter total revenues and expenditures of any fund must be approved by the council.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS

The City maintains deposits with financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As allowed by law, the depository bank should pledge securities along with FDIC insurance at least equal to the amount on deposit at all times. As of June 30, 2005, the depository bank had securities pledged to fully collateralize the bank balance.

NOTE D - RECEIVABLES

Property values are assessed as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are due and payable on or before August 31. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. An adjustment is made at June 30 to recognize property taxes levied during the year which are still receivable at year end. A deferred revenue account is established for delinquent taxes to the extent that their collectibility is improbable.

NOTE E - FIXED ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year.

	June 30,						J	lune 30,
		2004		Additions	De	letions	n <u>a a</u>	2005
Land	\$	11,495	\$	61,719	\$	-	\$	73,214
Buildings and Improvements	255,927			-		-		255,927
Infastructure	12,	,078,295		57,687		-	12	2,135,982
Vehicles		309,219		65,607		-		374,826
Equipment	442,585			132,872				575,457
Subtotal	13,	097,521		317,885		-	13	3,415,406
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,	652,052)		(720,475)			(7	,372,526)
Total assets, net	\$ 6,	445,469	\$	(402,590)	_\$	-	\$ 6	,042,879

NOTE F - GENERAL LONG TERM DEBT

General long-term debt consists of the following:

Capital Leases

The City executed a lease-purchase agreement in July 2000 for the purchase of equipment and renovations to the City Building at a total cost of \$150,000. Term of the lease-purchase agreement is 10 years at an interest rate of 5.95%. This lease was refinanced in April 2002 at a 4.57% interest rate. At June 30, 2004 the balance of this lease principle was \$99,226.

The City executed a lease agreement in May of 2005 for the refinancing of the April 2002 obligation and for the purchase of real property in the City of Park Hills at a total cost of \$250,000. Terms of the lease-purchase agreement are 10 years at an annual interest

rate of 4.5%. The remaining April 2002 lease-purchase obligation of \$99,226 plus \$3,843 in interest was paid in full from the proceeds of May 2005 lease agreement.

Annual lease payment requirements to maturity are as follows:

Ending	
June 30, Principal Interest	Total
2006 \$ 12,500 \$ 12,035 \$	24,535
2007 12,500 10,548	23,048
2008 12,500 9,986	22,486
2009 12,500 9,423	21,923
2010 12,500 8,861	21,361
Thereafter187,50038,7002	26,200
Totals <u>\$ 250,000</u> <u>\$ 89,553</u> <u>\$ 3.</u>	39,553

Note Payable

The City executed a 0% ten-year \$220,520 note effective July 1, 1995 with the Sanitation District in accordance with a Municipal Merger Agreement. The City is to make annual equal payments to the District in the amount of \$22,052 beginning on January 1, 2000. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year	
Ending	Principal
2,006	\$ 22,052
2,007	22,052
2,008	22,052
2,009	22,052
Total	\$ 88,208

The Sanitation District is collecting the fee on a quarterly basis based upon water usage in the City of Park Hills to satisfy this debt obligation.

The following changes occurred in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group during the year ended June 30, 2005:

	Balance June 30, 2004	New Issues	Principal Payments	Balance June 30, 2005	
Sanitation note Capital leases	\$ 110,260 99,226	\$ - 250,000	\$ 22,052 99,226	\$ 88,208 250,000	
Totals	\$ 209,486	\$ 250,000	\$ 121,278	\$ 338,208	

NOTE G - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney the resolution of these matters will not result in a liability to the City.

NOTE H - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

City employees who work at least 100 hours per month participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the CERS.

The plan issues separate financial statements, which may be obtained by request from Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

Plan Description - CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) are provided at the discretion of the state legislature.

Non-hazardous Contributions - For the year ended June 30, 2005, plan members were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of

the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2005, participating employers contributed 8.48% of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the year ended June 30, 2005 was 8.48% of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of KRS are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

Hazardous Contributions - For the year ended June 30, 2005, plan members were required to contribute 8% of their annual creditable compensation. The state was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2005 participating employers contributed 22.08% of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the year ended June 30, 2005 was 22.08% of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of KRS are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

The required contribution and the actual percentage contributed for the City the current and previous three years is as follows:

	R	equired	Percentage
Year	Co	ntribution	Contributed
2005	\$	65,427	100%
2004		55,764	100%
2003		70,549	100%
2002		70,550	100%

NOTE I - CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal governments. Any disallowed claims including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE J - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs.

NOTE K - GASB 34

State and local governmental entities were required to change their financial reporting with the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34. The City has adopted this Statement as of July 1, 2003. The new financial reporting model requires financial statements integrated with government-wide reporting and enhanced fund reporting. It also requires a section for management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) and the reporting of the City's infrastructure and depreciation.

CITY OF PARK HILLS, KENTUCKY COMBINED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2005

		General Fu	und			S	pecial	Revenue	e Fui	nds	
	Dudast			Variance Favorable	T					Variance Favorable	-
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable))
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ 584,87	5 \$ 578,73	36 \$	(6,13	9) \$	368,500	\$	364,58	7	\$ (3,913	3)
Licenses and permits	232,37	5 261,44	48	29,073	3	24,000		22,14		(1,851	- 1
Intergovernmental	32,679			(166	3)	46,076	3	47,82		1,752	:^-I
Charges for services	162,036	5 152,91	12	(9,124	1)	17,000		16,53		(462	- 1
Building and zoning fees	7,500	5,65	50	(1,850))	-		-		-	1
Grants	-	1,66	37	1,667		-	1	_		-	1
Other revenues	50,650	50,14	1	(509)	4,000		3,787	7	(213)	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,070,115	1,083,06	7	12,952		459,576		454,889	, -	(4,687)	
EXPENDITURES Current:									7	(1,001)	1
Administravtive expenses	127,922	139,90	9	(11,987)	11,000	1	11,000			1
Police department expenses	540,680	462,57	4	78,106	′	- 1,000			1	_	١
Fire/rescue department	77,429			11,524		-	1		1	-	l
Public works expenses	90,050	102,59	4	(12,544		506,543	1	120,366		386,177	ı
Building and utilities	49,400	43,298	В	6,102	1	-	1	-		300,177	l
Contract Services	210,180	234,254	4	(24,074)		1,000	1	_	1	1,000	l
Capital outlay	86,492	263,00	1	(176,509)		-		-	1	1,000	l
Debt service	<u> </u>	1,530		(1,530)		22,052		22,052		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,182,153	1,313,065	5	(130,912)		540,595		153,418	1	387,177	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(112,038)	(229,998	3)	(117,960)		(81,019)		301,471		382,490	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Lease proceeds/(payoff), net Carryover from prior year	114,750	146,931		146,931 (114,750)						-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	114,750	146,931		32,181		-					
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,712	(83,067)		(85,779)		(81,019)	,	301,471		382,490	
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	444,239	444,239		-		169,926		169,926		-	
UND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 446,951	\$ 361,172	\$	(85,779)	\$	88,907		471,397	\$	382,490	

CITY OF PARK HILLS, KENTUCKY GENERAL FUND - DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2005

		2005		
			Variance Favorable	
REVENUES TAXES	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	2004
Property taxes Payroll/gross receipts taxes	\$ 405,075 179,800	\$ 397,982 180,754	\$ (7,093) 954	\$ 372,426 190,526
TOTAL TAXES	584,875	578,736	(6,139)	562,952
LICENSES AND PERMITS Occupational license Municipal insurance tax Franchise fees Yard sale permits Animal licenses Beer and liquor licenses Building and zoning fees TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS	15,000 182,500 30,500 300 600 3,475 7,500 239,875	16,838 197,378 41,667 130 1,135 4,300 5,650 267,098	1,838 14,878 11,167 (170) 535 825 (1,850) 27,223	16,020 185,157 30,319 295 725 2,650 11,654 246,820
INTERGOVERNMENTAL Base court, admin and coal severance Police incentive pay	11,000 21,679	11,039 21,474	39 (205)	4,694 18,297
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL	32,679	32,513	(166)	22,991
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Trash collection fees Police protection Rescue squad receipts	141,286 20,750	140,256 11,431 1,225	(1,030) (9,319) 1,225	144,721 1,758 20,633
TOTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES	162,036	152,912	(9,124)	167,112
OTHER REVENUES Police fines Interest income Insurance claim	6,000 4,000	5,134 3,383	(866) (617)	6,130 4,891 6,164
Creighton-Fire Dept. vehicle Grants Miscellaneous	40,000 - 650	31,000 1,667 10,624	(9,000) 1,667 9,974	29,855 89,201 11,732
TOTAL OTHER REVENUES	50,650	51,808	1,158	147,973
TOTAL REVENUES	1,070,115	1,083,067	12,952	1,147,848
EXPENDITURES General administration expenses Police department expenses Fire/rescue department expenses Public works expenses Building and utilities Contract Services Capital outlay Debt service	127,922 540,680 77,429 90,050 49,400 210,180 86,492	139,909 462,574 65,905 102,594 43,298 234,254 263,001 1,530	(11,987) 78,106 11,524 (12,544) 6,102 (24,074) (176,509) (1,530)	193,424 430,150 85,758 89,350 48,002 223,986 61,730 39,111
OTAL EXPENDITURES	1,182,153	1,313,065	(130,912)	1,171,511
XCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(112,038)	(229,998)	(117,960)	(23,663)
THER FINANCING SOURCES Carry over from prior year Capital lease proceeds/(payoff), net	114,750	146,931	(114,750) 146,931	-
UND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR	444,239	444,239	-	467,902
UND BALANCE END OF YEAR	\$ 446,951	\$ 361,172	\$ (85,779)	\$ 444,239

CITY OF PARK HILLS, KENTUCKY COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2005

	Municipal Aid Fund	Vehicle Fee Fund	Road Tax Fund	Debt Service Fund	T	otals 2004
ASSETS Cash Taxes receivable Due from other funds Accounts receivable	\$ 10,730 - - - 4,142	\$ 41,264 - - 2,178	\$ 338,962 4,472 - -	\$ 75,645 - - - 3,652	\$ 466,601 4,472 - 9,972	\$160,457 6,359 317 9,152
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 14,872	\$ 43,442	\$343,434	\$ 79,297	\$481,045	\$176,285
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					-	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ 5,975 	\$ - 	\$ - 3,673_	\$ -	\$ 5,975 3,673	\$ - 6,359
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,975		3,673		9,648	6,359
FUND BALANCE Designated Unreserved, undesignated TOTAL FUND BALANCE	8,897 8,897	43,442 43,442	339,761 339,761	79,297 - 79,297	79,297 392,100 471,397	84,060 85,866 169,926
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 14,872	\$ 43,442	\$343,434	\$ 79,297	\$481,045	\$ 176,285

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Municipal Aid Fund	Vehicle Fee Fund	Road Tax Fund	Debt Service Fund	T 2005	otals 2004
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 364,587	\$ -	\$ 364,587	\$ 333,667
Licenses	-	22,149		-	22,149	23,262
Interngovernmental	47,828	-	-	-	47,828	45,800
Charges for services	-	-	-	16,538	16,538	16,399
Interest income	251	317	2,468	751	3,787	3,508
TOTAL REVENUES	48,079	22,466	367,055	17,289	454,889	422,636
EXPENDITURES						
Gereral government	2,000	4,000	5,000	-	11,000	11,527
Public works	62,679		57,687	-	120,366	287,079
Debt service		*	= 1	22,052	22,052	22,052
Interest					-	3,868
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	64,679	4,000	62,687	22,052	153,418	324,526
EXCESS/ (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER)EXPENDITURES	(16,600)	18,466	304,368	(4,763)	301,471	98,110
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease proceeds (payments)	-	-	-	_	-	(350,000)
Transfers (to) from other funds TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						19,374
SOURCES (USES)	-	-				(330,626)
EXCESS/ (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER/(UNDER)EXPENDITURES	(16,600)	18,466	304,368	(4,763)	301,471	(232,516)
FUND BALANCES	100 10 110	(6.53)		(.,)	,	(202,010)
BEGINNING OF YEAR	25,497	24,976	35,393	84,060	169,926	402,442
FUND BALANCES END OF YEAR	\$ 8,897	\$ 43,442	\$ 339,761	\$ 79,297	\$ 471,397	\$ 169,926



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of Council of City of Park Hills, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities of the City of Park Hills, Kentucky (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which comprises the City of Park Hills' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Park Hills' internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City of Park Hills' ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Lack of Segregation of Duties

Condition: We noted that, at times, due to the size of the City and financial considerations, the executing and recording of transactions are performed by the same person.

Criteria: The process of executing a transaction should be segregated from the process of recording the transaction.



Effect: Segregation of duties is a necessary part of any system of internal control. Lack of segregation of duties could allow for receipts to be diverted away from the City and expenses not attributed to the City could be paid for from the City's cash account.

Recommendation: The City has employed an outside payroll agency to prepare paychecks and to file payroll tax returns. Internal controls should continue to be implemented to segregate the duties of the personnel. Controls should be monitored to ascertain that they are sufficient to reduce the risk of material misstatement to an acceptable level.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Park Hills' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Van Gorder, Walker & Co., Inc.

Covington, Kentucky November 7, 2005